Implementing The Diesel Risk Reduction Plan: <u>Stationary Diesel</u> <u>Irrigation Pump Emissions Inventory</u>





Background

- The current emissions inventory contains only mobile irrigation pumps
- The statewide 1990 population of mobile+ stationary = 7253 pumps

Mobile-to-Stationary Split

Нр	% Mobile	% Stationary		
<25	100	0		
50	90	10		
120	70	30		
175	20	80		
250	15	85		
500	10 90			
>500	0	100		

Stationary and Mobile Comparison

- The results based on the split between mobile and stationary equipment are:
 - 47% stationary irrigation pumps
 - 53% mobile irrigation pumps

Input Factors

 The input factors used are based on mobile irrigation pumps

Useful Life	Activity (hr/yr)	Load Factor
16	749	0.65

Proposed 2000 Emissions Inventory (TPD Statewide)

Stationary diesel irrigation pumps

Equipment	Нр	Population	Activity	TOG	CO	NOx	PM
Irrigation Pumps	50	63	129	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.00
	120	1226	2516	0.25	0.77	1.80	0.15
	175	1599	3281	0.36	1.34	3.44	0.19
	250	520	1067	0.13	0.48	1.42	0.07
	500	64	132	0.02	0.17	0.28	0.01
Grand Total		3473	7126	0.78	2.79	6.96	0.42

Proposed 2000 Emissions Inventory for SC, SV, and SJV Air Basins (2000)

 Stationary diesel irrigation pump emissions inventory (tpd) by air basin:

Air Basin	Total Pop	Stat. Pop	Activity	TOG	CO	NOX	PM
SC	473	222	455	0.05	0.18	0.44	0.03
SV	1321	620	1272	0.14	0.50	1.24	0.07
SJV	3287	1542	3166	0.35	1.24	3.09	0.19

Conclusions

 The proposed stationary diesel irrigation pump emissions inventory is derived based on input factors for mobile irrigation pumps and the mobile-to-stationary split for commercial equipment.

Future Projects

- Similar steps will be taken to determine the emissions inventory for stationary equipment in the commercial category.
 - Compressors
 - Generators
 - Pumps
 - Pressure washers
 - Welders